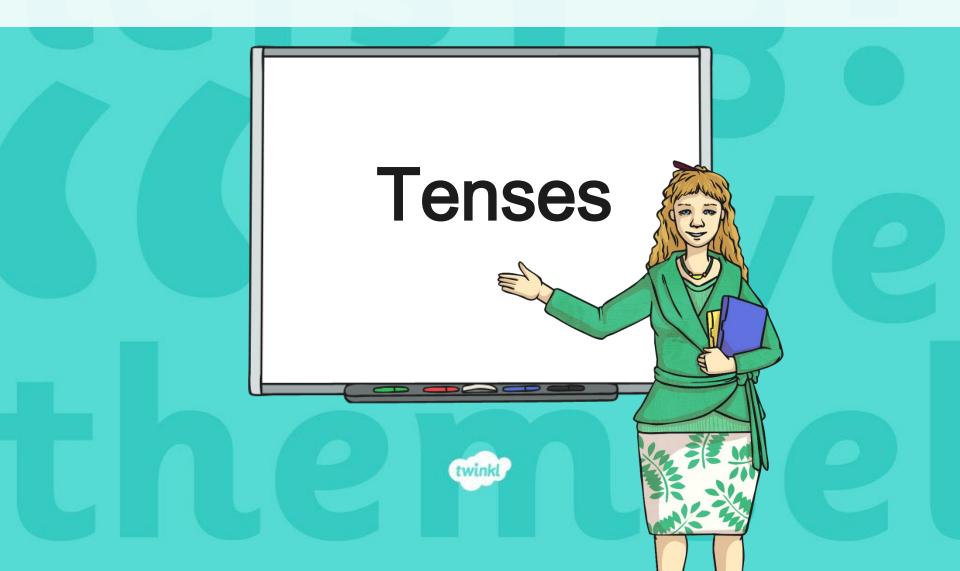
# Year 6 Grammar Revision



## Simple Present Tense: The Rules

In English, there artwo basic tensespresent and past tense.

The tense shows thteming of an action and changes the vertwithin a sentence.

Simple present tense sentences show an action **happening right now** use the infinitive (simplest) form of a verb.

I play.

We play.

You play.

They play.

He plays

She plays

When referring to the **third person** the **present tense** infinitive) verb has an added **—s**. This only applies to **regular verbs** 

### Simple Past Tense: The Rules

Within simple past tense he action has alread papened and been completed

I played

We played

You played

They played

He played

She played

Regular past tense verbs have **-ed** added to the infinitive no matter who completed the action.

## Progressive Tense: The Rules

The progressive tense (sometimes called continuous tense) usually describes verbs events that are ongoing at a particular point in time. It is formed by combining the verb's present participle (by adding -ing) with a form of the verb 'to be'.

The mermaid **is hiding**behind the treasure chest.

In present progressive entences, we use am or are before the ing verb In this present progressive sentence, the mermaid is still hiding.

The Gingerbread Mawas running he was being chased.

In past progressive sentences, we was or were before the ing verb Past progressive entences usually show an ongoing action while something else was happening too.

#### Perfect Tense: The Rules

The perfect tenselescribe actions that are ompleted over a period of time is formed by combining the erb's past participle (usually by addingd or en) with a form of the auxiliary verb 'to have.'

The chef has bakedots of loaves.

In **present perfect**entences, we use **has** or **have**before the **past participle**In this present perfect sentence, the chef has baked loaves over a period of time.

The chameleon had changed olour before hiding from its predator.

In **past perfect**entences, we use **had** before the **past participle** In this past perfect sentence, the chameleon's action had finished before it hid.

## Tenses: The Tricky Bits

The trickiest part of recognising and using different tenses is when you have to deal with irregular verbsLots of verbs don't change in a regular way to form the tense tense versions opast participles.g.

The carrots grew.

Simple past tensesing the irregular verb 'to grow'.

The calf is growingtaller everyday.

In this **present progressive sentence**The present participle '**growing**' is used after the auxiliary verb '**is**'.

The atmosphere **had grown**since the goal.

Simple past tensusing the irregular verb 'to grow'.

#### Tenses Quiz: Question 1

Tick which sentence is written in the past progressive tense

Tick one.

After Polly finished her book, she swapped it.



Digger was burying his bone in the garden.



The baby zebra is learning to walk.



Since falling, Grandad had found it difficult to walk.



#### Question 2

Circle (by clicking on the word) the **verb form**that is in the **present perfect** the passage below.

Bradley loves rugby and has wanted to be a professional rugby player for years. He was hoping for match tickets and was delighted when his parents gave him some for his birthday this year.



#### Question 3

Complete each sentence by adding the corpast participle thesepast perfectsentences (the first one is done for you).

#### Verb

eat

The boys had **eaten** their lunch.

sell

After a long time on the market, the house hadsold

freeze

After a few hours, the lollies had **frozen** in the freezer.

